H-3949.1			

## HOUSE BILL 2839

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State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By Representatives Strow, Ahern, Skinner, Ericksen, Shabro, Pearson, Haler, Orcutt, Campbell, Woods, Alexander, Talcott, Holmquist, Rodne, Serben, Roach, Buri, Schindler, Hinkle, Jarrett, Walsh, Armstrong, Bailey, McCune and Priest

Read first time 01/13/2006. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to methamphetamines; amending RCW 9.94A.030,
- 2 9.94A.030, 69.50.440, 69.50.401, and 9.94A.518; adding a new section to
- 3 chapter 9.91 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 69.50 RCW;
- 4 prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and providing an
- 5 expiration date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2005 c 436 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 10 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 11 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 12 under chapter 9.95 RCW.
- 13 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 14 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department,
- 15 means that the department, either directly or through a collection
- 16 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring
- 17 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
- 18 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,

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consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

- (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.
- (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b), 9.94A.650 through 9.94A.670, 9.94A.690, 9.94A.700 through 9.94A.715, or 9.94A.545, served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department. For offenders placed on community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify conditions of community custody, in addition to those imposed by the court, based upon the risk to community safety.
- (6) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW 9.94A.715, as established by the commission or the legislature under RCW 9.94A.850, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.
- (7) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- (8) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight hundred eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.
- (9) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.
- (10) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. Where the court finds that any offender has

- a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the conditions of supervision may, subject to available resources, include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.
  - (11) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

- (12) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (13) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (14) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
- (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
- (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

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- (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 4 sentencing court.
  - (17) "Department" means the department of corrections.
  - (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
  - (19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
  - (20) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.
    - (21) "Drug offense" means:

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- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 35 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 36 37 controlled substance; or

- 1 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 2 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 3 of this subsection.
- 4 (22) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
  - (23) "Escape" means:

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- 7 (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the 8 first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 13 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 14 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 15 under (a) of this subsection.
  - (24) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 17 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-19 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
  - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (25) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.
  - (26) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
  - (27) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.
  - (28) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result

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- 1 of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while
- 2 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW
- 3 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of
- 4 intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial
- 5 obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense
- of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction,
- 7 subject to RCW 38.52.430.
- 8 (29) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or 9 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
- 10 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 11 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 12 felony;
- 13 (b) Assault in the second degree;
  - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 15 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 16 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
  - (f) Extortion in the first degree;
  - (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 19 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 20 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
  - (j) Leading organized crime;
- 22 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 23 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 24 (m) <u>Manufacture</u>, <u>deliver</u>, <u>or possess with intent to deliver one</u>
- 25 kilogram or more of methamphetamine;
- 26 (n) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 27  $((\frac{n}{n}))$  (o) Rape in the third degree;
- (((++++))) (p) Robbery in the second degree;
- 29  $((\frac{p}{p}))$  (q) Sexual exploitation;
- 30  $((\frac{q}{}))$  <u>(r)</u> Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or
- 31 driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of
- 32 intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a
- vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 34  $((\frac{r}{r}))$  (s) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the
- 35 driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of
- intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the
- 37 operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

1  $((\frac{(s)}{s}))$  (t) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation;

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 $((\frac{t}{t}))$  (u) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.602;

 $((\frac{\langle u \rangle}{}))$  <u>(v)</u> Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;

((<del>(v)</del>)) (w)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988; A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is liberties under in the definition of indecent included RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997.

23 (30) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(31) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(32) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home

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1 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home 2 detention.

(33) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

- (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
- (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (33)(b)(i); and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.
- (34) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

- 1 (35) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 2 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.
  - (36) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.
  - (37) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
  - (38) "Risk assessment" means the application of an objective instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the purpose of assessing an offender's risk of reoffense, taking into consideration the nature of the harm done by the offender, place and circumstances of the offender related to risk, the offender's relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.
    - (39) "Serious traffic offense" means:
- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 25 (40) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 26 and means:
  - (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;
- 28 (ii) Homicide by abuse;

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- (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 30 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
  - (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 32 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 33 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 34 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 35 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 36 commit one of these felonies; or
  - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that

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- under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (41) "Sex offense" means:

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- 4 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than 5 RCW 9A.44.130(11);
  - (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 7 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than 8 RCW 9.68A.070 or 9.68A.080; or
- 9 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, 10 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
- 11 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 12 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex 13 offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 14 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 15 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
  - (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 19 (42) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 20 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 21 sexual gratification.
- 22 (43) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 23 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
  - (44) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.
  - (45) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
  - (46) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

- 1 (47) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 2 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 3 a direct result of the crime charged.
  - (48) "Violent offense" means:
  - (a) Any of the following felonies:

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- 6 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 7 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 8 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 9 class A felony;
  - (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 11 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 12 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 13 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 14 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 15 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 16 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 17 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 18 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 19 (xii) Drive-by shooting;
- (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner; and
  - (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
  - (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
  - (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
  - (49) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
- 37 (50) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program 38 as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower

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- the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills
- 4 development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy
- 5 training, and basic adult education.

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- 6 (51) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 7 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 8 regular course of study at school.
- 9 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2003 c 53 s 55 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 12 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 13 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created 14 under chapter 9.95 RCW.
  - (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
    - (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
  - (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.
  - (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b), 9.94A.650 through 9.94A.670, 9.94A.690, 9.94A.700 through 9.94A.715, or 9.94A.545, served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department. For offenders placed on community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify conditions of community custody, in addition to those imposed by the court, based upon the risk to community safety.

(6) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW 9.94A.715, as established by the commission or the legislature under RCW 9.94A.850, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.

- (7) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- (8) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.
- (9) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. Where the court finds that any offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the conditions of supervision may, subject to available resources, include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.
  - (10) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.
- (11) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (12) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (13) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.

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(a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
- (14) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
- (15) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.
  - (16) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (17) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- (18) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to

- satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
  - (19) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.
    - (20) "Drug offense" means:

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- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 14 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 15 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 16 controlled substance; or
- 17 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 18 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 19 of this subsection.
- 20 (21) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 21 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
  - (22) "Escape" means:
  - (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
  - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.
    - (23) "Felony traffic offense" means:
    - (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hitand-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- 36 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 37 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 38 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

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- 1 (24) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing 2 court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of 3 time.
  - (25) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
  - (26) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.
- (27) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is 10 ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal 11 12 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, 13 statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, 14 court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any 15 other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result 16 17 of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 18 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of 19 intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial 20 21 obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense 22 of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, 23 subject to RCW 38.52.430.
  - (28) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
    - (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
      - (b) Assault in the second degree;
      - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
      - (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
    - (e) Controlled substance homicide;
    - (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 34 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 35 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 36 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 37 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 38 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

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1 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
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- 2 (m) <u>Manufacture</u>, <u>deliver</u>, <u>or possess with intent to deliver one</u> 3 kilogram or more of methamphetamine;
  - (n) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
  - $((\frac{n}{n}))$  (o) Rape in the third degree;
- 6 ((<del>(o)</del>)) <u>(p)</u> Robbery in the second degree;
- 7  $((\frac{p}{p}))$  (q) Sexual exploitation;

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- 8 ((<del>(q)</del>)) <u>(r)</u> Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or 9 driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 12 ((<del>(r)</del>)) <u>(s)</u> Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the 13 driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of 14 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the 15 operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 16  $((\frac{(s)}{(s)}))$  (t) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation;
- 18  $((\frac{t}{t}))$  (u) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.602;
  - $((\frac{(u)}{(u)}))$  (v) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;
  - $((\frac{\langle v \rangle}{}))$   $\underline{(w)}$ (i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- 30 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
- 31 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988,
- 32 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of
- 33 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is
- 34 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW
- 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997,
- 36 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993,
- 37 through July 27, 1997.

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- 1 (29) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.
  - (30) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
  - (31) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention.
    - (32) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

- (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
- (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (32)(b)(i); and

- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.
- (33) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.
- (34) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
- (35) "Risk assessment" means the application of an objective instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the purpose of assessing an offender's risk of reoffense, taking into consideration the nature of the harm done by the offender, place and circumstances of the offender related to risk, the offender's relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.
  - (36) "Serious traffic offense" means:

- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 36 (37) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 37 and means:
  - (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;

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- 1 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 2 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 3 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 4 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 5 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 6 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 7 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 8 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 9 commit one of these felonies; or
- 10 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 11 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 12 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 13 (38) "Sex offense" means:

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- 14 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than 15 RCW 9A.44.130(11);
- 16 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 17 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than 18 RCW 9.68A.070 or 9.68A.080; or
- 19 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, 20 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
- (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 24 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 25 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
  - (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 29 (39) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 30 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 31 sexual gratification.
- 32 (40) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 33 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- (41) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.

- 1 (42) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 2 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 3 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 4 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 5 (43) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 6 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 7 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 8 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions 9 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's 10 period of community custody.
- 11 (44) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 12 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 13 a direct result of the crime charged.
  - (45) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- 16 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 17 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 18 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 19 class A felony;
- 20 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
  - (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
  - (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 23 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 24 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
  - (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 26 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 27 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 28 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 29 (xii) Drive-by shooting;
- 30 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 31 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 32 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 33 reckless manner; and
- (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

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1 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 2 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 3 offense in (a) of this subsection; and

- (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- (46) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
- (47) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
- 17 (48) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 18 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 19 regular course of study at school.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 69.50.440 and 2005 c 218 s 3 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
  - (1) It is unlawful for any person to possess ephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pseudoephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pressurized ammonia gas, or pressurized ammonia gas solution with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
  - (2) ((Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class B felony and may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both.)) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C felony if the crime involved two hundred fifty grams or less of any drug referred to in subsection (1) of this section.
- 33 (3) Any person who violates this section is quilty of a class B
  34 felony if the crime involved more than two hundred fifty grams but less
  35 than five hundred grams of any drug referred to in subsection (1) of
  36 this section.

(4) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class A felony if the crime involved more than five hundred grams of any item referred to in subsection (1) of this section.

- (5) Three thousand dollars of ((the)) any fine imposed may not be suspended. As collected, the first three thousand dollars of the fine must be deposited with the law enforcement agency having responsibility for cleanup of laboratories, sites, or substances used in the manufacture of the methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. The fine moneys deposited with that law enforcement agency must be used for such clean-up cost.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 69.50.401 and 2005 c 218 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
  - (1) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance.
    - (2) Any person who violates this section with respect to:
  - (a) A controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, classified in Schedule IV, is guilty of a class B felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or (i) fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars if the crime involved less than two kilograms of the drug, or both such imprisonment and fine; or (ii) if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug, then fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars for the first two kilograms and not more than fifty dollars for each gram in excess of two kilograms, or both such imprisonment and fine;
  - (b) Amphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, or methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, is guilty of ((a class B felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or (i) fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars if the crime involved less than two kilograms of the drug, or both such imprisonment and fine; or (ii))) of the following:
- (i) A class C felony if the crime involved one kilogram or less of the drug, and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five

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years, or fined more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both such imprisonment and fine;

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19 20 (ii) A class B felony if the crime involved more than one kilogram but less than two kilograms of the drug, and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or fined more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both such imprisonment and fine;

(iii) A class A felony if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than a term of life imprisonment, or if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug, then fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars for the first two kilograms and not more than fifty dollars for each gram in excess of two kilograms, or both such imprisonment and fine.

Three thousand dollars of ((the)) any fine imposed may not be suspended. As collected, the first three thousand dollars of the fine must be deposited with the law enforcement agency having responsibility for cleanup of laboratories, sites, or substances used in the manufacture of the methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. The fine moneys deposited with that law enforcement agency must be used for such clean-up cost;

- (c) Any other controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW;
- (d) A substance classified in Schedule IV, except flunitrazepam, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW; or
- (e) A substance classified in Schedule V, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 9.91 RCW to read as follows:
- 31 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 32 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 33 (a) "Iodine matrix" means iodine at a concentration greater than 34 two percent by weight in a matrix or solution.
- 35 (b) "Matrix" means something, as a substance, in which something 36 else originates, develops, or is contained.

- (c) "Methylsulfonylmethane" means methylsulfonylmethane in its powder form only, and does not include products containing methylsulfonylmethane in other forms such as liquids, tablets, capsules not containing methylsulfonylmethane in pure powder form, ointments, creams, cosmetics, foods, and beverages.
- (2) Any person who knowingly purchases in a thirty-day period or possesses any quantity of iodine in its elemental form, an iodine matrix, or more than two pounds of methylsulfonylmethane is guilty of a gross misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section.
  - (3) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to:
- (a) A person who possesses iodine in its elemental form or an iodine matrix as a prescription drug, pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed veterinarian, physician, or advanced registered nurse practitioner;
- (b) A person who possesses iodine in its elemental form, an iodine matrix, or any quantity of methylsulfonylmethane in its powder form, and is actively engaged in the practice of animal husbandry of livestock;
  - (c) A person who possesses iodine in its elemental form or an iodine matrix in conjunction with experiments conducted in a chemistry or chemistry-related laboratory maintained by a:
    - (i) Public or private secondary school;

- (ii) Public or private institution of higher education that is accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education;
- (iii) Manufacturing facility, government agency, or research facility in the course of lawful business activities;
- (d) A veterinarian, physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, pharmacist, retail distributor, wholesaler, manufacturer, warehouseman, common carrier, or an agent of any of these persons who possesses iodine in its elemental form, an iodine matrix, or methylsulfonylmethane in its powder form in the regular course of lawful business activities; or
- 35 (e) A person working in a general hospital who possesses iodine in 36 its elemental form or an iodine matrix in the regular course of 37 employment at the hospital.

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1	(4) A	ny person	who p	urchases	any	quantity	of	iodine	in	its
2	elemental	form,	an io	odine	matrix,	or	any	quanti	.ty	of
3	methylsulf	onylmethan	e must	present	an ider	ntificati	on o	card or d	drive	er's
4	license is	sued by a	ny stat	e in the	e Unite	d States	or	jurisdic	tion	. of
5	another co	untry befo	re purc	hasing t	he item	١.				

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW 7 to read as follows:

- (1) A person convicted of manufacturing, delivering, or possessing with intent to manufacture or deliver methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of total confinement of not less than twenty-four months, if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug under RCW 69.50.401(2)(b)(iii).
- (2) A person convicted of possessing ephedrine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, or pseudoephedrine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, or pressurized ammonia gas, or pressurized ammonia gas solution with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of total confinement of not less than twelve months, if the crime involved more than five hundred grams of any drug referred to in RCW 69.50.440(4).

22 **Sec. 7.** RCW 9.94A.518 and 2003 c 53 s 57 are each amended to read as follows:

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25 TABLE 4 26 **DRUG OFFENSES** INCLUDED WITHIN EACH 27 28 SERIOUSNESS LEVEL III Any felony offense under chapter 69.50 29 30 RCW with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 31 32 9.94A.602 Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 33 69.50.415) 34

1		Deliver or possess with intent to deliver
2		methamphetamine (RCW
3		69.50.401(2)(b))
4		Delivery of imitation controlled
5		substance by person eighteen or
6		over to person under eighteen
7		(RCW 69.52.030(2))
8		Involving a minor in drug dealing
9		(RCW 69.50.4015)
10		Manufacture of methamphetamine
11		(RCW 69.50.401(2)(b))
12		Over 18 and deliver heroin,
13		methamphetamine, a narcotic from
14		Schedule I or II, or flunitrazepam
15		from Schedule IV to someone
16		under 18 (RCW 69.50.406)
17		Over 18 and deliver narcotic from
18		Schedule III, IV, or V or a
19		nonnarcotic, except flunitrazepam
20		or methamphetamine, from
21		Schedule I-V to someone under 18
22		and 3 years junior (RCW
23		69.50.406)
24		Possession of Ephedrine,
25		Pseudoephedrine, or Anhydrous
26		Ammonia with intent to
27		manufacture
28		methamphetamine (RCW
29		69.50.440)
30		Selling for profit (controlled or
31		counterfeit) any controlled
32		substance (RCW 69.50.410)
33	II	Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit
34		controlled substance (RCW
35		69.50.4011)

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1	((Deliver or possess with intent to
2	deliver methamphetamine (RCW
3	<del>69.50.401(2)(b))</del> )))
4	Delivery of a material in lieu of a
5	controlled substance (RCW
6	69.50.4012)
7	Maintaining a Dwelling or Place for
8	Controlled Substances (RCW
9	69.50.402(1)(f))
10	Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
11	intent to deliver amphetamine
12	(RCW 69.50.401(2)(b))
13	Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
14	intent to deliver narcotics from
15	Schedule I or II or flunitrazepam
16	from Schedule IV (RCW
17	69.50.401(2)(a))
18	Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
19	intent to deliver narcotics from
20	Schedule III, IV, or V or
21	nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V
22	(except marijuana, amphetamine,
23	methamphetamines, or
24	flunitrazepam) (RCW
25	69.50.401(2) (c) through (e))
26	Manufacture, distribute, or possess with
27	intent to distribute an imitation
28	controlled substance (RCW
29	69.52.030(1))
30	I Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
31	Forged Prescription for a Controlled
32	Substance (RCW 69.50.403)
33	Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
34	intent to deliver marijuana (RCW
35	69.50.401(2)(c))

1	Possess Controlled Substance that is a
2	Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or
3	V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-
4	V (RCW 69.50.4013)
5	Possession of Controlled Substance
6	that is either heroin or narcotics
7	from Schedule I or II (RCW
8	69.50.4013)
9	Unlawful Use of Building for Drug
10	Purposes (RCW 69.53.010)
11	NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Section 1 of this act expires July 1, 2006.
12	NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Section 2 of this act takes effect July 1,
13	2006.

--- END ---

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